## Using the "Technology" Issue of *The Change Agent* to Teach to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) Standards

The Change Agent has a long history of using socially relevant material to teach reading, writing, and math. Our lesson plans and extensions help students distinguish fact from opinion, build their knowledge, assess the author's point of view, analyze evidence, and build math skills based on real-world problems. These skills represent some of the key shifts in the new College and Career Readiness Standards (see the Key Shifts below), so if you're already using *The Change Agent*, you're a step ahead when it comes to teaching to these standards.

To see exactly which articles and lesson plans in the "Technology" issue of The Change Agent are aligned with which standards, see the grid below.

Keep in mind these key shifts:

## Key Shifts in English Language Arts

- a. Complexity: regular practice with complex text and its academic language; includes a staircase of increasing complexity for students to read independently and proficiently + attention to academic vocabulary
- b. Evidence: reading, writing, and speaking grounded in evidence from text, both literary and informational; for reading to present careful analysis; for writing analyzing sources; for speaking and listening purposeful academic talk in which students contribute accurate, relevant information about a multitude of ideas they have studied or researched in various domains
- c. Knowledge: building knowledge through content-rich nonfiction science, history, and technical subject areas

## **Key Shifts in Mathematics**

- a. Focus: instructors need to narrow and deepen their teaching; this shift finds expression in clearer understanding of place value, properties of operations, and the application of properties in a variety of situations
- b. Coherence: refers to the idea that standards at higher levels become extensions of previous learning rather than discrete new lessons. One example of this: connection between properties of operations (eg., multiplication) and geometric applications (eg., area).
- c. Rigor: conceptual understanding, procedural skill and fluency, and rigorous application of mathematics in real-world contexts. Know more than "how to get the answer." Real world applications for calculating probabilities as fractions, decimals or percent; statistical analysis of rational data.

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Readiness (CCR) Standards		
The 10 anchor standards for reading can be broken up into 4 groups		
Anchor Standards	In Everyday English	TCA excerpts
Key Ideas and Details	What does the text say? What does it not say?	pp. 8-9, 19, 22-
(R.CCR.1-3)	What does it mean? How can you prove it?	23, 43
Craft & Structure	How does author use language to commu-	
(R.CCR.4-6)	nicate? How is the text organized? Who wrote	p. 19
	this and how/why does that matter?	
Integration of Knowledge	How does this connect with other sources?	p. 51
and Ideas (R.CCR.7-9)	Does it measure up? Is it valid?	p. 31
Range and Level of Text	Can students read widely and deeply from a	pp. 44, 50-51,
Complexity (R.CCR.10)	broad range of high-quality texts?	52-53
The 9 anchor standards for writing can be broken up into 3 groups		
Text Types and Purposes	Write arguments. Write explanatory texts.	
(W.CCR.1-3)	Write narratives. Stress complexity, reasoning,	pp. 22-23, 44, 45
	evidence, and details.	
Production and Distribution	Know your audience. Speak clearly to them.	
of Writing (W.CCR4-6)	Plan, revise, re-write. Use technology,	p. 20
	including the Internet, to produce and publish	p. 20
	writing and to collaborate and interact.	
Research to Build and	Research. Gather information from various	pp. 6, 8-9, 11,
Present Knowledge	sources. Assess credibility of those sources.	24, 39, 41
(W.CCR.7-9)	DO NOT plagiarize.	
The 6 anchor standards for speaking can be listening are broken up into 2 groups		
Comprehension and	Be able to converse by expressing yourself and	
Collaboration (SL.CCR.1-	building on others' ideas. Integrate information	pp. 3, 10-11, 13,
(3)	from diverse formats. Be able to evaluate a	44
	speaker's point of view.	
Presentation of Knowledge	Present information in an organized way. Use	
and Ideas (SL.CCR. 4-6)	various media in your presentations. Use	pp. 17, 25, 35
	formal English when necessary.	
The 6 anchor standards for language can be broken up into 3 groups		
Conventions of Standard	Get that grammar down! And spelling and	pp. 20, 21
English (L.CCR.1-2)	punctuation too!	pp. 20, 21
Knowledge of Language	Choose words, phrases, and punctuation for	
(L.CCR.3)	effect. Vary sentence patterns. Notice how	
	language is used in poetry, drama, etc.	
Vocabulary Acquisition	Use context clues to determine meaning. Use a	
and Use (L.CCR4-6)	dictionary. Understand figurative language and	
	nuance. Use academic and domain-specific	pp. 3, 12, 48
	words. Be able to independently acquire new	
	vocabulary.	
Key math shift: rigorous application of mathematics in real-world contexts.		
	olications for calculating probabilities as fractions,	pp. 11, 14, 18-
decimals or percent; statistical analysis of rational data. 19, 20		

Adapted from "College and Career Readiness Standards for Adult Education," Susan Pimentel, 2013; and with thanks to <a href="www.teachingthecore.com">www.teachingthecore.com</a>.